Unit 1 : OPINIONS

Dialogue

Sandra: What's your opinion about- plague?

Herizo: In my opinion, plague is a dangerous sickness

Sandra: Why?

Herizo: Because, it kills many people in many regions in Madagascar

Asking about opinions

What's your opinions about...?

What do you think about/of...?

How do you find...?

How do you see...?

Do you think that...?

Let's have your opinions about...?

Giving opinions

In my opinion,...

I find that,....

I think that,...

I see that,...

For me,...

For us/Him/Her/Them...

Likes and dislikes

A: Do you like football?

B : No I don't

A: So what sports do you like?

B : I prefer basketball and ping pong

<u>To like</u>	To dislike
To love, to enjoy, to adore, to prefer, tofancy, to be fond of, to be crazy about, to be keen of, to be interested in.	To hate, to detest, can't bear, can't stand, can't support.

Agreeing and disagreeing

Rinaud: I am crazy about RNB music because it is good for health.

Erica: I don't agree with you because it has nothing to do with health.

Finoana: Erica, I don't agree with you.

<u>Ranto</u>: I dislike a mouse because it brings plague.

Mendrika: I agree with you.

Finoana: Do you agree with Ranto?

Students: Yes, it's true.

Agreeing	Disagreeing
I agree with you, I think so, It's true, You're right, I completely agree with you/him/her/ them	I don't agree with you, I don't think so, It's not true ,You're wrong, I disagree with you/ her/him/them

The gerund

Form: V + ING

Example:

To have	having	
To smoke	smoking	
To study	studuing	
To swim	swimming	

Use :

We use the gerund as <u>a subject</u> Example : Swimming is good

We can also use it as <u>an object</u> <u>Example</u>: I don't like swimming It is used after <u>likes and dislikes</u>

Example 1: Student prefer reading books

Example 2: I detest smoking

The gerund can be used after some prepositions such as : Before

After

For

By

Example 1: After swimming. I have lunch.

Example 2: After playing football I have learn my lesson

• It is also used after some verbs and expressions such as :

To finish	To continue	To keep
To stop	To give up	To begin
To go on	To abandon	To start
It's no use	It's worth	It's no worth

Example 1: Continuous learning the lesson.

Example 2: It's no use smoking

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